

### 1) Angles Angles, Angles Right, Obtuse, Acute Each has degrees There is no dispute

Right has only ninety Acute has less than that. Obtuse is so much bigger In fact it is quite fat!

## 2) Polygon Polygon La, la, la Polygon There's no place to hide. You have many sides La, la, la

Triangle- has three sides
Quadrilateral- has four sides
Pentagon- five sides
Hexagon- has six sides
Heptagon- seven sides
Octagon- has eight sides
Nonagon- has nine sides
Decagon- has ten sides

# 3) Place Value Song Ones, Tens, Hundreds Thousands, Ten-thousands, Hundred-thousands Millions, Ten-millions, Hundredmillions There are so many McDonalds in the world!

# 4) Decimal Place Values Decimal Point Tenths, Hundredths, Thousandths, Ten-Thousandths Tenths, Hundredths, Thousandths, Ten-Thousandths Tenths, Hundredths, Thousandths, Ten-Thousandths Hundred-Thousandth, Millionths

# 5) Dividing Fractions Dividing fractions is easy as pie Flip the second number Then you multiply Divide your fractions in a blink of an eye Flip the second fraction and you multiply

Reciprocal, reciprocal, reciprocal, reciprocal Find the reciprocal, reciprocal, reciprocal, reciprocal

### 6) Basic 'Funk'tions

Find the sum, means I add
Find the difference, I subtract
Find the product, I multiply
Find the quotient, I divide
Those are the basic functions...

### 7) Set of Numbers

Finding the mean of numbers Doesn't have to be cruel Just add up the numbers And divide by how many there are.

The set of numbers you have can be looked at in so many ways

The mode is the number
That happens the most
Sometimes there's more than
one
So look out for them

The median
Is the number in the middle
Line up the numbers
From least to greatest
It's the one in the middle.

To find the range Stretch your arms real wide Subtract the greatest from the least Find the difference and decide...

### 8) Better Borrow

If you have got a bigger bottom
better borrow
If you have got a bigger bottom
better borrow
When you subtract two numbers
and the bottom number's bigger
If you've got a bigger bottom better
borrow

### 9) Perimeter

Here's a story (Oh yeah!)
About shapes that go around
People call it the perimeter
And it's the distance around.

If I walk 3 feet this way
And I walk four feet that way.
I walk five feet to the start
That's twelve feet, okay....

### Chorus:

When you're finding the perimeter, the perimeter when you're finding the perimeter you just add all the sides.

I like to go outside Feel the warm sun on my face I like to breathe fresh air I like to walk around.

And when I walk around I know how far I go I measure the perimeter That's how I always know.

### 10) Prime Numbers

Prime numbers only have two factors: 1 and itself

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2,3,5,7,11,13 17 and 19, 23, 29 (chorus)

31, 37, 41, and 43 47, 53, 59, and 61 (chorus)

67, 71, 73, 79 83 and 89, 97, 101 (chorus)

11) Simplify Your Fractions
Simplify your, your fractions...

### 12) Greatest Common Factor

You don't want your fractions to be complicated.

So, simplify.

The process cannot be debated. Cause when your fractions are reduced, and the answer is produced...

Simplify your fractions. Now you're educated.

Just find the greatest common factor

To simplify your fractions Simplify your fractions and you'll soon be through. A factor is a number that goes into another (evenly)

Like 1, 2, and 4 for 4

Or 1, 2, 4, 8 for 8

Now find the biggest factor that's the same.

Here it's 4- that's plain as day It's really very easy once you know how to play to game. (chorus)

You've got the numerator and the denominator.

And you know there's a factor that goes into both perfectly.

Divide the top and the bottom of the fraction evenly.

You know how to do it, so sit back and breathe a sigh of relief

### 13) Multiples, Multiples

Multiples, Multiples

2,4,6,8

Multiples, Multiples

5.10.15

When you have a number count by that number Multiples, Multiples

6 10 10 and 04

6,12,18, and 24

8,16,24, and 32

without multiples what math would we do?

Multiples, Multiples